1950 UNITED STATES CENSUS OF POPULATION



RHODE ISLAND

NUMBER OF INHABITANTS



UNITED STATES CENSUS of POPULATION: 1950

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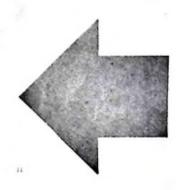
NUMBER of INHABITANTS

RHODE ISLAND

Prepared under the supervision of Howard G. Brunsman, Chief Population and Housing Division

1950 POPULATION CENSUS REPORT P-A39
PREPRINT OF VOLUME I, CHAPTER 39
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 1951

Totals for CITIES • SMALL AREAS • COUNTIES • URBAN & RURAL





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Statistics presented in this preprint supersede those shown in the report, Series PC-8, No. 38.

SUGGESTED IDENTIFICATION

U. S. Bureau of the Census. U. S. Census of Population: 1950. Vol. I, Number of Inhabitants, Chapter 39: Rhode Island. U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., 1951.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C., or any of the Field Offices of the Department of Commerce - - - - - - - Price 15 cents

PREFACE

This report presents statistics on the number of inhabitants of the State, its counties, and minor civil divisions (townships, New England towns, etc.). In addition, separate figures are also presented for urban places, wards of cities of 5,000 or more, and other areas of the State. These data are based upon tabulations from the Seventeenth Decennial Census of the population of the United States, its Territories, and possessions conducted as of April 1, 1950. Provision for the Seventeenth Decennial Census was made in the act providing for the Fifteenth and subsequent decennial censuses which was approved on June 18, 1929.

The major portion of the information compiled from the Census of Population of 1950 will appear in Volume I, Number of Inhabitants, and in Volume II, Characteristics of the Population. This report is a preprint of Chapter 39 (Rhode Island) of Volume I, which is to present, in a single publication, statistics on the number of inhabitants for each State.

The materials presented here will also appear as Chapter A of Part 39 (Rhode Island) of Volume II. Volume II will comprise a series of separately published parts, one for each State and a summary for the United States. The use of separate parts makes the basic materials on characteristics of the population for a given State available to the public in a single publication. Within the part for a State, Chapter A will recapitulate the statistics on the number and distribution of the population within a State; Chapter B will present statistics on the general characteristics of the population of the various political subdivisions of the State, such as counties, incorporated places, and the like; and Chapter C will present data on the detailed characteristics of the population of the larger areas within the State, such as cities of 100,000 inhabitants or more and standard metropolitan areas.

The materials presented here were prepared under the supervision of Howard G. Brunsman, Chief, Population and Housing Division, and Dr. Henry S. Shryock, Jr., Assistant Chief for Population Statistics, by Dr. Henry D. Sheldon, Chief, Demographic Statistics Section, and Charles P. Brinkman, Chief, Population Distribution Unit; the compilation of the statistics was under the direction of Robert B. Voight, Assistant Chief for Operations. The collection of the information on which these statistics are based was under the supervision of Lowell T. Galt, Chief, Field Division. The geographic work, including the delineation of special types of urban territory and the preparation of maps, was under the supervision of Clarence E. Batschelet, Chief, Geography Division.

August 1951.

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U. S. CENSUS OF POPULATION: 1950

Volume

I Number of Inhabitants

II Characteristics of the Population

Succeeding volumes will cover the following subjects:

Census Tracts, Nativity and Parentage, Nonwhite Population by Race, Persons of Spanish Surname, Institutional Population, Differential Fertility, Labor Force Characteristics, Occupation, Industry, Income, Internal Migration, Education, Characteristics of Families and Households.

U. S. CENSUS OF HOUSING: 1950

Volume

I General Characteristics

II Nonfarm Housing Characteristics

III Farm Housing Characteristics

IV Residential Financing

V Block Statistics

Heusing statistics for census tracts are to be included in the Population reports on census tracts.

ΤV

RHODE ISLAND

Number of Inhabitants

The State.—Rhode Island was one of the Thirteen Original States. Its population on April 1, 1950, according to the Seventeenth Census, was 791,896. The State has a land area of 1,058 square miles. In 1950 there was an average of 748.5 inhabitants per square mile as compared with an average of 674.2 in 1940. Among the States and the District of Columbia, Rhode Island ranked thirty-seventh in population and forty-eighth in land area.

Rhode Island had a population of 68,825 at the first census in 1790 (table 1). In 1950, 160 years later, its population was more than 11 times as large. Of the 723,071 gain over the 160-year period, 359,731 was recorded in the period from 1790 to 1900 and 363,340 in the 50-year period from 1900 to 1950. Nearly one-third of the increase over the first half of the twentieth century came in the decade 1900 to 1910, when the gain was 114,054, or 26.6 percent. The increase of 78,550 between 1940 and 1950 represented a gain of 11.0 percent over the 713,346 persons enumerated in 1940.

Usual place of residence.—According to usual Census practice, which dates back to 1790, each person enumerated in the 1950 Census was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of residence or usual place of abode, which is generally construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence, voting residence, or domicile, although, in the vast majority of cases, these different bases of classification would be identical.

In the application of this rule, persons were not always counted as residents of the places in which they happened to be found by the census enumerators. Persons in places where guests usually pay for quarters (hotels, etc.) were enumerated on the night of April 11, and those whose usual place of residence was elsewhere were allocated to their homes. Visitors found staying in private homes, however, were not ordinarily interviewed there. Information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, landladies, etc. If an entire family was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on it was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away and were also reported by their families at home.

Persons in the armed forces quartered on military installations were enumerated as residents of the States, counties, and minor civil divisions in which their installations were located. Members of their families were enumerated where they actually resided. In the 1950 Census, college students living away from home were considered residents of the communities in which they were residing while attending college, rather than as persons temporarily absent from their parental homes as was the practice in 1940. In 1950 the crews of vessels of the American Merchant Marine in harbors of the United States were counted as part of the population of the ports in which their vessels were berthed on April 1. 1950. In 1940 such persons were treated as part of the population of the port from which the vessel operated. Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for long periods of time. were counted as inhabitants of the place in which the institution was located; whereas patients in general hospitals, who ordinarily

have short stays, were counted at, or allocated to, their homes. All persons without a usual place of residence were counted where they were enumerated.

Urban and rural population.—The 1950 urban population of Rhode Island numbered 667,212 persons, or 84.3 percent of the population of the State (table 1). The urban population was living in the 11 urban places in the State and in other territory included in the Rhode Island parts of the urban-fringe areas of the Providence and Fall River, Mass., Urbanized Areas. More than four-fifths of the urban population was living in urbanized areas (table 2).

The rural population of Rhode Island comprised 124,684 persons, or 15.7 percent of the population of the State (table 1). Of the rural population, 20,024 persons, or 16.1 percent, were living in the 13 unincorporated places of 1,000 to 2,500 inhabitants (table 2).

Urban definition.—Under the urban definition established for use in the 1950 Census, the urban population comprises all persons living in (a) places of 2,500 inhabitants or more incorporated as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages; (b) the densely settled urban fringe, including both incorporated and unincorporated areas, around cities of 50,000 or more; and (c) unincorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more outside any urban fringe. The remaining population is classified as rural. According to the urban definition used in previous censuses, the urban population comprises all persons living in incorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more and areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density.

In both definitions, the most important component of the urban territory is the group of incorporated places having 2,500 inhabitants or more. A definition of urban territory restricted to such places, however, would exclude a number of equally large and densely settled places, merely because they were not incorporated places. Under the old definition, an effort was made to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by the inclusion of the places urban under special rules. Even with these rules, however, many large and closely built-up places were excluded from the urban territory. To improve the situation in the 1950 Census, the Bureau of the Census set up, in advance of enumeration, boundaries for urbanfringe areas around cities of 50,000 or more and for unincorporated places outside urban fringes. All the population residing in urban-fringe areas and in unincorporated places of 2,500 or more is classified as urban according to the 1950 definition. (Of course, the incorporated places of 2,500 or more are urban in their own right.) Consequently, the special rules of the old definition are no longer necessary.

According to the new urban definition, the 1950 urban population of Rhode Island consisted of the following components: (1) The 539,523 inhabitants of the seven cities in the State, all of which had more than 2,500 inhabitants; (2) the 27,403 inhabitants of the four specially delineated unincorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more; and (3) the 100,286 persons living outside

¹ Except in New England, New York, and Wisconsin, where "towns" are minor civil divisions of counties and are not necessarily densely settled centers like the towns in other States.

of incorporated urban places in the Rhode Island parts of the urban-fringe areas of Providence and of Fall River, Mass. There were 12 towns which were classified as urban under special rule according to the old definition. The 1950 urban population under the old definition, therefore, consisted of the 539,523 inhabitants of the 7 cities and the 160,887 inhabitants of the 12 places urban under special rule.

The following tabulation presents the 1950 and 1940 population of the 12 towns urban under special rule and the classification of the 1950 population by urban and rural residence according to the new urban definition:

		195	0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
- 400 - 1 - 1		Urt	en ne		
Town	Total	In unincor- porated ter- ritory in urbanized areas	In unincor- porated ur- ban places	Rural	1940
Total	160, 887	95,079	22, 179	43, 629	143, 157
Barrington Bristol. Burilliville. Cumberland East Greewich East Providence Johnston Lincoln North Providence Warren Westerly West Warwick	8, 246 12, 320 8, 774 12, 842 4, 923 35, 871 12, 725 11, 270 13, 927 8, 513 12, 380 19, 096	4, 458 5, 322 3, 531 32, 981 7, 096 4, 746 12, 673 6, 802	3, 429 8, 415	3, 788 1, 885 8, 774 7, 520 1, 392 2, 590 5, 629 3, 095 1, 254 1, 711 3, 965 1, 626	6, 231 11, 159 8, 155 10, 625 3, 842 32, 165 10, 672 10, 577 12, 156 8, 158 11, 199 18, 188

As shown in the tabulation, 95,079 inhabitants of the places urban under special rule were classified as urban according to the new definition because they were living in urban-fringe areas and 22,179 because they were living in unincorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more. The remaining 43,629 were included in the rural population. On the other hand, the new definition included in the urban population 5,224 persons living in another unincorporated place of 2,500 inhabitants or more and an additional 5,207 persons living in urban-fringe areas outside the 12 places urban under special rule all of whom would have been included in the rural population according to the old definition. The net loss in the urban population which resulted from the change in definition, therefore, is 33,198.

Although the Bureau of the Census has employed other definitions in the course of its history, the statistics on the population by urban and rural residence for the years 1790 to 1940 are shown in accordance with the 1940 definition. The 1950 statistics are shown in accordance with both the new and old definitions.

Trends of urban and rural population.—Trends in the urban and rural population can be examined only on the basis of the old urban definition. On this basis, the urban population of Rhode Island rose steadily from 378,471 in 1900 to 700,410 in 1950. The largest numerical increase and most rapid rate of growth occurred in the first decade of the 50-year period, when the urban population increased by 115,467, or 30.5 percent. The gain between 1940 and 1950 was 47,027, or 7.2 percent. Five of the seven cities of 10,000 inhabitants or more in the State increased in population between 1940 and 1950 (table 4). The rates of change for the cities ranged from a decrease of 6.7 percent for Central Falls to a gain of 49.6 percent for Warwick. The one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more in 1900 accounted for 41.0 percent of the population of the State; the four cities of this size in 1950 contained 55.0 percent of the population of the State (table 3). The proportion of the population of the State living in urban territory in 1950 was 88.4 percent, virtually the same percentage as in 1900. It had been as high as 92.4 percent in 1930.

The rural population of Rhode Island, which was 50,085 in 1900, increased to 91,486 in 1950 (table 1). More than three-fourths of the gain over the 50-year period came between 1940 and 1950, when a gain of 31,523, or 52.6 percent, was recorded. Both the amount and rate of gain were the largest in the history of the State.

Counties.—The five counties in Rhode Island ranged in size from Bristol with a population of 29,079 to Providence with a population of 574,973 (table 5). As in the previous decade, all of the counties increased in population. The rates of gain ranged from 4.5 percent for Providence County to 49.4 percent for Washington County. The largest numerical increase was experienced in Providence County, which increased by 24,675.

Minor civil divisions.—To the primary political divisions into which counties are divided, the Bureau of the Census applies the general term "minor civil divisions." The minor civil divisions in Rhode Island are the cities and towns.

Table 6 shows statistics on the population of each county by minor civil divisions for the last three censuses. The population of each unincorporated place is shown in *italies* under the population of the town in which it is lecated. Unincorporated places are designated by "unine." When an unincorporated place lies in two minor civil divisions, the population of the several parts is shown in table 6 in the appropriate minor civil divisions, and each part is designated by "part." There were no changes between the 1920 Census and the 1950 Census in the boundaries of areas listed. For changes prior to the 1920 Census, see reports of the Fourteenth Census (1920), *Population*, Vol. I, p. 601, and reports of earlier censuses.

Incorporated and unincorporated places.—Rhode Island had 7 places incorporated as cities in 1950 and 17 unincorporated places of 1,000 inhabitants or more. There were 539,523 persons in the cities and 47,427 in the unincorporated places. All the cities had 2,500 inhabitants or more. Of the inhabitants of the unincorporated places, 20,024 were in the 13 places of 1,000 to 2,500 inhabitants. The cities ranged in size from Central Falls with a population of 23,550 to Providence with a population of 248,674.

Political units recognized as incorporated places in the 1950 Census are those which are incorporated as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages with the exception that towns are not recognized as incorporated places in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

The Bureau of the Census has delineated boundaries for the thickly settled urban fringe around cities of 50,000 or more and has also delineated boundaries for unincorporated places of 1,000 or more which are densely settled population centers without corporate limits. Although there are unincorporated places within the urban fringe, it was not feasible to establish boundaries for such places and therefore they are not identified as separate places.

The count of urban places in the 1950 Census comprises all incorporated places of 2,500 or more regardless of location and unincorporated places of 2,500 or more which are located outside the urban-fringe areas. Incorporated places of less than 2,500 which lie in the urban fringe are not recognized as urban places.

Urbanized areas.—There were two urbanized areas partly within Rhode Island. Of the 552,034 persons living in the two areas—the Providence, R. I., and Fall River, Mass., Urbanized Areas—248,674 were living in Providence, the only central city in the State. Of the 303,360 persons in the urban-fringe areas, 203,074 were living in the four cities and 100,286 in unincorporated parts (tables 2 and 9).

Each urbanized area contains at least one city with 50,000 inhabitants or more in 1940 or according to a special census taken since 1940, and some urbanized areas contain two or more cities

of 50,000. Each urbanized area also includes the surrounding closely settled incorporated places and unincorporated areas that meet the criteria listed in the section below on "Urban fringe." Thus, the territory of an urbanized area may be classified into incorporated parts and unincorporated parts. (See urbanized area maps.)

An urbanized area also may be divided into central city or cities and urban fringe as defined below.

Central cities.—Although an urbanized area may contain more than one city of 50,000 or more, not all cities of this size are necessarily central cities. The largest city of an area is always a central city. In addition, the second and third most populous cities in the area may qualify as central cities provided they have a population of at least one-third of that of the largest city in the area and a minimum of 25,000 inhabitants. The names of the individual urbanized areas indicate the central cities of the areas.

Urban fringe.—The urban fringe includes that part of the urbanized area which is outside the central city or cities. The following types of areas are embraced if they are contiguous to

the central city or cities or if they are contiguous to any area already included in the urban fringe.

- 1. Incorporated places with 2,500 inhabitants or more in 1940 or at a subsequent special census conducted prior to 1950.
- 2. Incorporated places with fewer than 2,500 inhabitants containing an area with a concentration of 100 dwelling units or more with a density in this concentration of 500 units or more per square mile. This density represents approximately 2,000 persons per square mile and normally is the minimum found associated with a closely spaced street pattern.

3. Unincorporated territory with at least 500 dwelling units

per square mile.

4. Territory devoted to commercial, industrial, transportational, recreational, and other purposes functionally related to the central city.

Also included are outlying noncontiguous areas with the required dwelling unit density located within 1½ miles of the main contiguous urbanized part, measured along the shortest connecting highway, and other outlying areas within one-half mile of such noncontiguous areas which meet the minimum residential density rule.

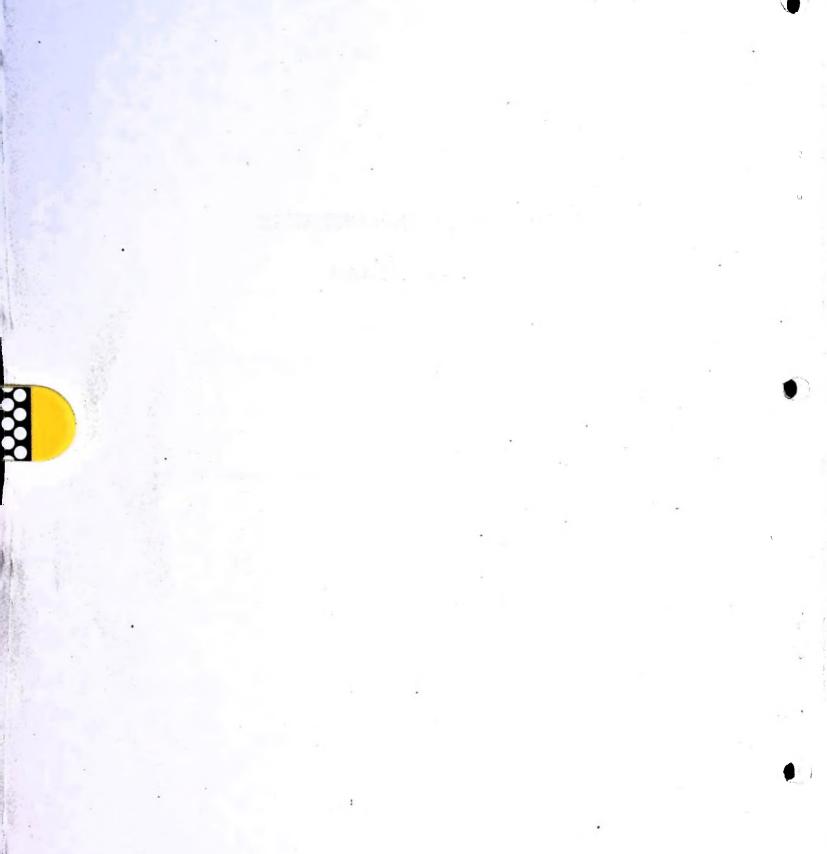


Rhode Island

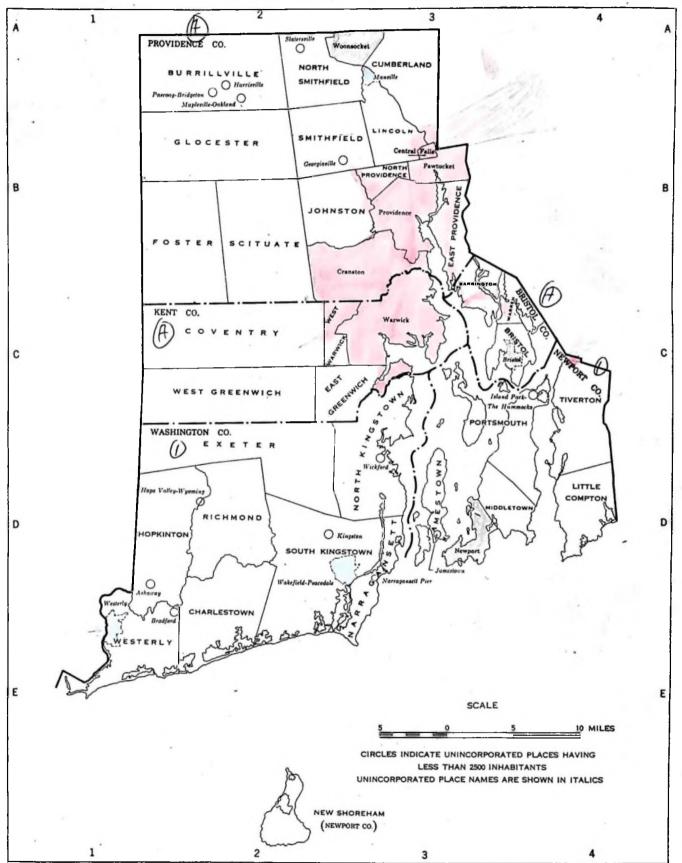
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MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—CITIES AND TOWNS



Large-scale copies of this map may be purchased from Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

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Table 1.—POPULATION OF RHODE ISLAND, URBAN AND RURAL: 1790 TO 1950

[For description of new and old urban definitions, see text. Minus sign (-) denotes decrease]

part on the		The State			Urban	territory		F	Rural territor	У	Percent	of total
Consus date	Population	Increase o		Number of urban	Population	Increase ceding	over pre-	Population	ceding	over pre- consus	Urban	Rural
	2 opanieron	Number	Percent	places		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		
New urban definition, 1950 (Apr. 1).	791, 896	78, 550	11.0	11	* 667, 2 12			124, 684			84. 3	16.7
Old urban definition: 1950 (Apr. 1) 1940 (Apr. 1) 1930 (Apr. 1) 1920 (Apr. 1) 1910 (Apr. 15)	791, 896 713, 346 687, 497 604, 397 542, 610	78, 550 25, 849 83, 100 61, 787 114, 054	11. 0 3. 8 13. 7 11. 4 26. 6	10 10 10 18 18	700, 410 653, 383 635, 420 555, 146 493, 038	47, 027 17, 054 80, 283 61, 208 115, 467	7. 2 2. 8 14. 5 12. 4 30. 5	91, 486 59, 963 52, 068 49, 251 48, 672	31, 523 7, 895 2, 817 579 -1, 413	52.6 15.2 5.7 1.2 -2.8	\$8.4 91, 6 92, 4 91, 9 91, 0	11. 6 8. 4 7. 6 8. 1 9. 0
1900 (June I) 1890 (June I) 1880 (June I 1870 (June I) 1860 (June I)	428, 556 345, 506 276, 531 217, 353	83, 050 68, 976 59, 178 42, 733 27, 075	24. 0 24. 0 27. 2 24. 5 18. 4	15 14 14 12 9	378, 471 204, 843 226, 618 162, 107 110, 535	83, 628 08, 225 61, 511 51, 572 28, 451	28. 4 30. 1 39. 8 46. 7 34. 7	50, 085 50, 663 49, 913 55, 246 64, 085	-578 750 -5,333 -8,839 -1,376	-1. 1 1. 5 -9. 7 -13. 8 -2. 1	88. 3 85. 3 82. 0 74. 6 63. 3	11. 7 14. 7 18. 0 25. 4 36. 7
1850 (June 1) 1840 (June 1) 1830 (June 1) 1820 (Aug. 7) 1810 (Aug. 6) 1800 (Aug. 4) 1700 (Aug. 2)		38, 715 11, 631 14, 140 6, 128 7, 809 207	35. 0 12. 0 17. 0 8. 0 11. 3 0, 4	5 3 2 2 2 2 2	82, 084 47, 662 30, 372 19, 086 17, 978 14, 353 13, 096	34, 422 17, 290 11, 286 1, 108 3, 025 1, 257	72. 2 56. 9 59. 1 6. 2 25. 3 9. 6	65, 461 61, 168 66, 827 63, 973 58, 953 54, 769 55, 729	4, 293 -5, 059 2, 854 5, 020 4, 184 -900	7.0 -8.5 4.5 8.5 7.0 -1.7	55, 6 43, 8 31, 2 23, 0 23, 4 20, 8 19, 0	44. 4 56. 2 68. 8 77. 0 76. 6 79. 2 81. 0

¹ According to the new urban definition, the urban population comprises persons residing in urban territory but not necessarily in an urban place, which is defined as an incorporated place of 2,500 or more, or an unincorporated place of 2,500 or more located outside an urbanized area. Under the old definition, incorporated places of 2,500 or more and places urban under special rule are classified as urban places.

Includes 100,286 persons in urban territory outside of urban places.

Table 2.—POPULATION IN GROUPS OF PLACES ACCORDING TO SIZE: 1950

Type of area and size of place	Number of places	Population	Percent of total popula- tion	Percent of total	Type of area and size of place	Number of places	Population	Percent of total popula- tion	Percent of total
The State		791,896	100.0		Urban, total—Con. Outside urbanized areas—Con.				
Urban, total	(1)	667, 212	84.3	100.0	Places of 5,000 to 10,000 Places of 2,500 to 5,000	2 1	13, 639 3, 429	1. 7 0. 4	2.0 0.5
Within urbanized areas Central cities, total	1	552,034 248,674	69.7 31.4	82,7 37, 3	Rural, total		124,684	15.7	100,0
Citles of 100,000 to 250,000.		248, 674 303, 360	31, 4 38, 3	37. 3 45. 5	Places under 2,500 Places of 2,000 to 2,500	13	20, 024	2.5	16. 1
Incorporated places of 2,500 or more Incorporated places of 50,000 to 100,000.	4 2	203, 074 136, 496	25. 6 17. 2	30. 4 20. 5	Places of 1,500 to 2,000	2	7, 014 3, 537	0.9	5.6 2.8
Incorporated places of 25,000 to 50,000 Incorporated places of 10,000 to 25,000		43, 028 23, 550	5. 4 3. 0	6. 4 3. 5	Places of 1,000 to 1,500 Other rural territory	8	9, 473 104, 660	1. 2 13. 2	7. 6 83. 9
Unincorporated territory		100, 280	12.7	15. 0	Urbanized areas, total	-	552,034	69,7	100,0
Outside urbanized areas		115, 178 50, 211	14.5 6.3	17.3 7.5	Orbanized areas, total				
Places of 25,000 to 50,000 Places of 10,000 to 25,000	1	37, 564 10, 335	4. 7 1. 3	5. 6 1. 5	Areas of 500,000 to 1,000,000	1	550, 807 1, 227	69. 6 0. 2	99. 8 0. 2

¹ There were 11 places of 2,500 or more.

RHODE ISLAND

Table 3.—POPULATION IN GROUPS OF PLACES ACCORDING TO SIZE: 1900 TO 1950

		19	50					
April 1800	Subject and class of place	New urban definition	Old urban definition	1940	1930	1920	1910	1900
The second	NUMBER OF PLACES							
Urban territory		11	19	19	19	18	17	15
laces of 250,000 to 500,000	***************************************			1	1 -			
Places of 50,000 to 100,000			3 3	1	1	1 3	i -	
laces of 25,000 to 50,000			8	6	5 7	6	4	7
laces of 5,000 to 10,000		2	3	3	4	6	í	
		1						
		1	-					
Cumulative summary: Places of 250,000 or more				1 1	1			
Places of 50,000 or more		4	4	2 8	2	2	2	j
Places of 25,000 or more		6	15	15	14	11	5 9	
Places of 5,000 or more.			18 19	18 19	18 19	18	16 17	1
Places of 2,500 of indie							ĺ	
	POPULATION	1	}				+	
Urban territory		667, 212	700, 410	653, 383	635, 429	555, 146	493, 938	378, 47
Places of 2,500 or more		566, 926	700, 410	653, 383 253, 504	635, 429 252, 981	555, 146	493, 938	378, 47
Places of 100,000 to 250,000		248, 6:4	248, 674 186, 707	75, 797	77, 149	237, 595 64, 248	224, 326 51, 622	175, 59
Places of 25,000 to 50,000		80, 592	116, 463	213, 090 84, 576	175, 792 95, 671	103, 158 96, 361	91, 903 69, 776	67, 43 87, 40
Places of 5,000 to 10,000		13,639	25, 533	22, 574	30, 170	50, 491	52, S91 3, 420	43, 72
Places of 2,500 to 5,000 Other urban territory		3, 429 100, 286		3, 842	3,666	3, 290	3, 120	4, 30
Rural territory		124, 684	91, 486	59, 963	52,068	49, 251	48, 672	50, 08
		20, 024	*******		******	*********		
Other rural territory		104,660	91, 486	59, 963	52, 068	49, 251	48, 672	50, 08
Cumulative summary: Places of 250,000 or more				253, 504	252, 981 252, 981		111-111-	
Places of 100,000 or more		248, 674	248, 674 435, 381	253, 504 329, 301	330, 130	237, 595 301, 843	224, 326 275, 948	175, 59 175, 59
Places of 25,000 or more		515, 973	551, 844		505, 922 601, 593	405, 001 501, 362	367, 851 437, 627	243, 03 330, 43
Places of 5,000 or more		563, 497 566, 920	695, 487	649, 541	631, 763 635, 429	551, 856 555, 146	490, 518 493, 938	374, 1 378, 4
Places of 2,500 or more		300, 520	100, 110	000,000	000, 120	000,110	,	
	CENT OF TOTAL POPULATION	84,:	88,4	91,6	92.4	91.9	91.0	KS.
					92. 4	91.9	91.0	88
Places of 250,000 to 500,00	0			35. 5	36. 8	39.3	41.3	41.
Places of 50,000 to 100,000		23.0	33.6	10.6	11. 2 25. 6	10. 6 17. 1	9, 5 16, 0	15.
Places of 10,000 to 25,000.		4.3	3 14.9	11.9	13. 9	15.9	12. 9 9. 7	20. 10.
Places of 2,500 to 5,000		0.	4 0.€		4. 4 0. 5	8. 4 0. 5	0.6	1
Other urban territory		12.					0.0	11
		i-		8,4	7,6	8, 1	9, 0	
Places under 1,000							9.0	11.
Other rural territory		13.	2 11.0	8.4	7. 6	8. 1	9.0	"
Cumulative summary: Places of 250,000 or more	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			35. 5	36.8		41.0	41.
Places of 100,000 or more		31.		16.2	48.0	39. 3 49. 9	41. 3 50. 9	41
Places of 25,000 or more.		65.	2 69.7 4 84.6	6 67.0	87 5	67. 0 83. 0	67. 8 80. 7	56 77
Places of 5,000 or more.		71.	2 87.8	8 91. 1	91. 0	91.3 91.9	90.4 91.0	87 88

Table 4.—POPULATION OF URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE FROM EARLIEST CENSUS TO 1950

["Unine," designates an unincorporated place. Minus sign (+) denotes decrease]

Urban place and census	Popula-		over pre-	Urban place and census	Popula-		over pre-	Urban place and census	Popula- tion	Increase ceding	over pre-
year	tion	Number	Percent	year	l tion	Number	Percent) ear		Number	Percent
Bristol (uninc.):	10, 335			Newport city—Con.	10, 457	3, 764	24, 0	Providence city—Con.	68, 904	18, 238	30. 0
1000	10, 3-41			1880	15, 693	3, 172	25. 3	1860	50, 004	9, 153	22,0
Central Falls city:				1870	12,521	2,013	19. 2	1850	41, 513	18,342 6,338	70, 2 37, 7
1950	23, 550	-1,698	-0.7	18/10	10, 508	945	9.9	1840	23, 171 16, 833 1	5, 066	43.
1940	25, 248	- 650	-2.5	1850	9, 503	1, 230	14.8	1820	11, 767	1, 696	16.8
1930	25, 808	1,724	7.1	1840	8, 333	323	9.4	1810	10, 071	2, 457	32.3
1020	24, 174	1, 420	6, 2 25, 2	1830	8,010 7,319	691 588	-7.4	1800	7, 614	1, 234	10. 3
1910	22, 754	4, 587	20. 2	1820 1810	7, 907	1, 168	17.3	1790	6, 380	.,	
1900	18, 167			1800	6, 739	23	0, 3	1,00	.,		
Cranston city:				1790	6, 716	2,			ľ		
1050	55, 000	7, 075	16.9	, 1100	0, 110			Warwick city:			
1940	17, 085	4, 174	0.7	Pawtucket city:			[1950	43, 028	14, 271	49, 6
1930	42 911	13, 504	45. 9	1950	81, 436	5, 639	7.4	1940	28,757	5, 561	24. 0
1920	23, 407	8, 300	39, 3	1940	75, 797	-1,352	-1.8	1930	23, 196	9, 715	72 1
1910	21, 107	7, 764	58. 2	1930	77, 149	12,001	20.1	1920	13, 481	-13, 148	- 49, 4
1900	13, 343	6, 244	64. 7	1920	64, 248	12, 626	24. 5	1010	26, 629	5, 313	24. 9
1800	8, 099	2, 159	36. 3	1910		12, 391	31.6	1900	21, 316	3, 555	20.0
1880	5, 940	1, 118	23. 2	1900	30, 231	11,598	42.0	1890	17, 701	5, 597	46, 0 16, 4
1870	4, 822	-2,678	-35, 7	1890	27, 633	8, 603	45. 2	1880	10, 453	537	17. 2
1860	7,500	3, 189	71.0	1880	19, 030	12, 411	187. 5	1870	8, 916	1, 176	15. 2
				1870	6, 619	2, 419	57. 6	184.0.	6, 810	1, 170	13. 2
1850	4, 311	1, 409	48, 6	1860	4, 200	447	11.9	1850	7, 740	1, 014	15, 1
1840	2, fi02 2, 653	249 379	9, 4 16, 7	1850.	3, 753	1,569	71.8	1840	6, 726	1, 197	21. 6
1830	2, 274	113	5. 2	1840	2, 184	725	49. 7	1830	5, 529		
1820	2 161	517	31 4	1830	1, 459			103011	-,	l l	
1800	1,644	- 233	-12.4	1000	1, 100			Woonsocket city:			
1790	1. 877	200		Providence city:				1950	50, 211	908	1.8
	1 2,000			1950	248, 674	-4,830	-1, 9	1940	49, 303	-73	-0.1
Newport city:	1			1940	253, 504	523	0.2	1930	40, 370	5, 880	13. 5
1950	37, 564	7, 032	23.0	1930	252, 981	15, 385	6.5	1920	43, 496	5, 371	14, 1 33, 2
1940	30, 532	2, 920	10.6	1920	237, 595	13, 269	5, 9	1910	38, 125	9, 921 7, 374	35. 4
1930	27, 612	-2,043	-8.7	1910	224, 326	48, 729	27, 8	1900	28, 204 20, 830	4, 780	29. 8
1920	30, 255	3, 106	11.4	1900	175, 597	43, 451	32. 9 26. 0	1890	16, 050	4, 780	39, 2
1910	27, 149	4, 708	21 0	1890	132, 146 104, 857	27, 289 35, 953	52.2	1870	11, 527	4, 020	O
1900	22, 141	2, 984	15. 3	1880	101,807	33, 933	32.2	1310			

Table 5.—AREA AND POPULATION OF COUNTIES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1930 TO 1950

					Total pop	ulation			Urb	Urban population			Rural population			
County	Map refer- ence	Land area in square	195	0	_		Percent	increase								
, sumy	(See p. 39-3)	mlles, 1950	Total	Per square inile	1910	1930	1940 to 1950	1930 to 1910	1950	1940	Percent increase	1950	1940	Percent increase	1950	1910
The State Old urban defini-		1,058	791,896	748,5	713, 346	687, 497	11, 0	3, 8	667,212 700,410	653, 383	7. 2	124, 684 91, 486	59,863	52.6	84, 3 88. 4	91.
Bristol Old urban definition	C-3	25		1, 163. 2	25, 548	25, 089	13.8	• 1, 8	21, 595 29, 079	25, 548	13.8	7, 484			74, 3 100. 0	100.
Old urban definition	C-2	172	77, 763	452. 1	58, 311	51, 390	33. 4	13. 5	66, 879 67, 047	50.787	32.0	10, 884 10, 716	7,524	42.4	SA. 0 88. 2	87.
Newport. Old urban definition.	C-4	115	61, 539	535, 1	46, 696	41, 668	31.8	12. 1	38, 791 37, 864	30, 532	23.0	22, 748 23, 975	16, 164	18.3	63. 0 61. 0	65.
Providence. Old urban definition	A-2	122	574, 973	1, 362. 5	550, 298	540, 016	4, 5	1, 9	526, 308 554, 540		3.6	48, 605 20, 633	14.981	37.7	91. 5 96. 4	97
Washington Old urban definition	D-2	324	48, 542	149.8	32, 403	29, 334	49. 4	10, 8	13, 639 12, 380	11, 199	10.5	34, 903 36, 162	21, 294	69.8	28, 1 25, 5	34.

RHODE ISLAND

Table 6.—POPULATION OF COUNTIES BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS: 1930 TO 1950

["Unine." designates an unincorporated place. Figures for 1940 and 1930 not available for unincorporated places. There have been no changes in boundaries of areas listed between 1920 and 1980. For changes prior to 1920, see reports of the 14th Census (1920), Population, Vol. 1, p. 601. Total population of a place located within 2 minor civil divisions appears in table 7]

County and minor civil division	1950	1940	1930	County and minor civil division	1950	1940	1930	County and minor civil division	1950	1940	1930
(A) Bristol County	29,079	25, 548	25, 089	Providence County	574, 973	550, 298	540, 016	Washington County	48, 542	32,493	29, 334
Barrington town Bristol town Bristol (uninc.) Warren town	8, 246 12, 320 10, 335 8, 513		5, 162 11, 953 7, 974	Burrillville town Harrieville (uninc.) Mapleville-Oakland (uninc.) Pascoag-Bridgeton (uninc.)	8, 774 1, 055 1, 241 2, 421		7, 677	Charlestown town Excter town Hopkinton town Ashaway (uninc.)	1 670	1, 199 1, 790 3, 230	1, 118 1, 314 2, 823
Eent County	77, 763	58,311	51, 390 6, 430	Central Falls city Cranston city Cumberland town	23, 550	25, 248 47, 085 10, 625	25, 898 42, 911 10, 304	Hope Valley-Wyoming (uninc.) (part). Narragansett town Narragansett Picr (uninc.)	955 2, 288 1, 247	1, 560	1, 258
East Greenwich town Warwick city West Greenwich town West Warwick town	4, 923 43, 028 847	3, 842 28, 757 526 18, 188	3, 666 23, 196 402 17, 696	East Providence town Foster town Glocester town Johnston town	1,630 2,682	32, 165 1, 237 2, 099 10, 672	29, 995 946 1, 693 9, 357	North Kinestown town Wickford (unine.) Richmond town	14, 810 2, 437 1, 772	4, 604 1, 629	4, 279 1, 535
Newport County Jamestown town	61, 539	46, 696	41,668	Lincoln town. Mancille (uninc.) North Providence town.	11, 270 5, 429	10, 577	10, 421	Hope Valley-Wyoming (unine.) (part) South Kingstown town Kingston (unine.)	\$60 10, 148	7, 282	
Jamestown (uninc.) Little Compton town Middletown town	1,757 1,556 7,382	1,492 3,379	1, 382 2, 499 27, 612	North Smithfield town Slatersville (uninc.) Pawtucket city	1,780	4, 196 75, 797	3, 945 77, 149	Wakefield-Peacedale (unine.) Westerly town Bradford (unine.) Westerly (unine.)	5, 224 12, 380 1, 024	11, 199	10, 997
New Shoreham town. Portsmouth town Island Purk-The Hummocks (uninc.)	6, 578	3, 683	1, 029 2, 969	Providence city Scituate town Smithfield town Georgiariffe (uninc.)	248, 674 3, 905 6, 690	253, 504 2, 838 4, 611	252, 981 2, 292 3, 967	,	-,,,,,		
Tiverton town.	5, 659		4, 578	Woonsocket city.	50, 211	49, 303			1	i	

Table 7.—POPULATION OF ALL INCORPORATED PLACES AND OF UNINCORPORATED PLACES OF 1,000 OR MORE: 1950 AND 1940

["Unine." designates an unincorporated place. Figures for 1940 not available for unincorporated places. Specific unincorporated places inside urbanized areas not separately identified and therefore not listed on this table. For 1930 population of incorporated places, see table 6]

City or unincorpo- rated place	County	1950	1940	City or unincorpo- rated place	County	1950	19-10	City or unincorpo- rated place	County	1950	1940
Bradford (uninc.) Bristol (uninc.) Central Falls Cranston Georgiaville (uninc.) Harrisville (uninc.) Hope Valley-Wyoming (uninc.)	Washington Washington Bristol Bristol Providence Providence Providence Providence Washington Newport	10, 335 23, 550 55, 060 1, 247 1, 055	25, 248 47, 053	Jamestown (uninc.) Kingston (uninc.) Manville (uninc.) Mapleville-Oakland (uninc.) Narrogansett Pier (uninc.) Newport Pascog-Bridgeton (uninc.)	Newport	1, 757 2, 156 3, 429 1, 241 1, 247 37, 564 2, 421	30, 532	Pawtucket. Providence Statersville (uninc.) Wakefield-Peacedale (uninc.). Warwick. Westerly (uninc.). Wickford (uninc.). Woonsocket.	Providence Providence Providence Washington Kent Washington Washington Providence	248, 674 1, 780 5, 224 43, 028 8, 415	253, 504

Table 8.-POPULATION OF CITIES OF 5,000 OR MORE, BY WARDS: 1950

City and ward	Popula- tion	City and ward	Popula- tion	City and ward	Popula- tion	City and ward	Popula- tion
Central Falls.	23, 550	Newport	37,564	Providence	248, 674	Warwick	43, 02
Ward 1		Ward I	10, 671	Ward I	16, 332	Ward 1	5,34
Ward 2	6,086	Ward 2	7,550	Ward 2	13,660	Ward 2	3, 7
Ward 3	3, 507	Ward 3		• Ward 3	15, 929	Ward 3	7,0
Ward 4	6, 273	Ward 4	7, 438	Ward 4	19, 471	Ward 4	6, 4
Ward 5	4, 455			Ward 5	24, 546	Ward 5	3, 40
		l		Ward 6	18, 604	Ward 6	6, 9
Cranston	55, 060	Pawtucket	81, 436	7174-7	70.040	Ward 7	4, 2
Agraton	33,000	Ward 1	13, 129	Ward 7 Ward 8	18, 948 19, 696	Ward 8	2,0
Ward 1	9, 809	Ward 2		Ward 9.	18, 817	Ward 9	3,0
Ward 2	14, 641	Ward 3	19, 571	Ward 10	15, 452	Woonsocket	50, 21
Ward 3.	11.052	Ward 4		Ward II	20, 505	WOODBOCKET	30, 2
Ward 4	11, 419	Ward 5	7, 893	Ward 12	17, 035	Ward 1	12.3
Ward 5	8, 109	Ward 6	11, 162	Ward 13	29, 619	Ward 2	11.0
					,	Ward 3	2, 5
			1			Ward 4	8, 5
		1		11		Ward 5	15, 6

Table 9.—POPULATION OF URBANIZED AREAS: 1950

Area	Population	Area	Population
FALL RIVER, MASS., URBANIZED AREA		PROVIDENCE URBANIZED AREA—Con.	
That part of the area in Rhode Island	1, 227	In Rhode Island—Con.	111
The part of the urbanized area includes the following part of a minor civil division:		Providence County (part) Central Falls city Cranston city Cumberland town (part)	472, 668 23, 550 55, 000
Newport County (part)	1,227 1,227	East Providence town (part)	32,981
PROVIDENCE URBANIZED AREA		Johnston town (part) Lincoln town (part)	7, 096 4, 746
The area.	583, 346	North Providence town (part) Pawtucket city	12, 673 81, 436
In Providence city Outside city	248, 674 334, 672	Providence city Scituate town (part) Smithfield town (part)	248, 674
The urbanized area includes the following minor civil divisions and parts of minor civil divisions:			
In Rhode Island	550, 807	In Massachusetts	32, 539
Bristol County (part) Barrington town (part) Warren town (part)	11, 260 4, 458 6, 802	Bristol County (part)	31, 806 23, 809 7, 854 443
Kent County (part) Coventry town (part) East Greenwich town (part) Warwick city West Warwick town (part).	66, 879 2, 850 3, 531 43, 028 17, 470	Norfolk County (part) Plainville town (part)	733 733

¹ For the description, map, and population of the entire Fall River, Mass., Urbanized Arca, see table 9 and accompanying map of corresponding report for Massachusetts.

PROVIDENCE URBANIZED AREA MAP

The Providence Urbanized Area, for which statistics are shown in table 9, is depicted in the following map. The shaded areas, in combination, comprise the urbanized area. To assist in locating the exact external boundaries of the area, each boundary feature (street segment, political boundary, or other) has been assigned a number. The boundary segments thus numbered are shown on the map and the features to which they apply are presented in the following key.

KEY TO NUMBERED BOUNDARY SEGMENTS

Main urbanized part: (1) Corporate limits of Cranston, (2) Rachela St., (3) Vamfagna St., (4) John St., (5) Victoria St., (6) Mill St., (7) extension of Ivy St., (8) Cedar Swamp Brook, (9) Poeasset River, (10) Plainfield St., (11) School St., (12) Morgan Ave., (13) Plainfield St., (14) corporate limits of Providence, (15) Central Ave., (16) Alden St. and Alden St. extension, (17) Boundary Ave., (18) Winfield Ave., (19) Randall Ave. (Boundary Ave.) and Randall Ave. extension, (20) Theresa Ave., (21) Hurlbut Ave., (22) Winfield Rd., (23) Hartford Ave., (24) Borden Ave., (25) Argonne St., (26) Audubon St., (27) Ostend St., (28) extension of Highland Ave. and Highland Ave., (29) Oneida St., (30) Archer Ave., (31) extension of Clifton St. and Clifton St. Main urbanized part: (1) Corporate limits of Cranston, (2)

(30) Archer Ave., (31) extension of Clifton St. and Clifton St., (32) Rosemont Ave., (33) Greenville Ave., (34) George Waterman Rd., (35) Wychwood Pl., (36) Harris Ave., (37) Boone St., (38) Barnes St., (39) extension of Nelson St. and Nelson St., (40) Put-

Barnes St., (39) extension of Nelson St. and Nelson St., (40) Putnam Ave.,

(41) Earl St., (42) Dean Ave., (43) Esmond Rd., (44) Farnum Pike (State Hwy. 104), (45) North Providence-Smithfield town line, (46) Sherwood Ave., (47) Elmore Ave., (48) Woodcliff Ave., (49) Waterman Ave., (50) Smith St., (51) Mineral Spring Ave., (52) Carron St., (53) Morgan St., (54) extension of Walter Ave. and Walter Ave., (55) Joslin Ave., (56) Spring Ave., (57) Woodchall Ave., (58) Bourne Ave., (59) Locust Ave., (60) Mineral Spring Ave., (61) Pope St., (62) Angell Rd. and Angell Rd. extension, (63) extension of Arro St. and Arro St., (64) Fera St., (65) Mineral Spring Ave., (66) Cooper St., (67) Charles St., (68) Borah St., (69) Florence St., (70) Gillen Ave., (71) Randall Rd. and Randall Rd. extension, (72) unnamed stream, (73) Lincoln's Pond, (74) extension of Ward Ave. and Ward Ave., (75) Dorman Ave., (76) corporate limits of Pawtucket, (77) Cobble Hill Rd., (78) Olney Ave. and Table Rock Hill Rd., (79) Threadmill Brook, (80) Barney's Pond, (81) extension of School St. and School St., (82) Great Rd., (83) Front St., (84) River Rd., (85) Sweeney St. and Sweeney St. extension, (86) Pleasant St., (87) Union St., (88) Grove St., (89) Union St. and Union St. extension, (90) Blackstone Canal, (91) property line of Lonsdale Co., (92) Cumberland-Lincoln town line, (93) Lonsdale Ave. (Whipple Rd.), (94) Broad St., (95) Blackstone St., (96) Blackstone Ct., (97) Kent St., (98) Blackstone St., (99) High St., (100) Rosemont Ave..

(101) Minerva Ave., (102) Earle St., (103) England St., (104) Liberty St. and Liberty St. extension, (105) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. (Franklin Branch), (106) Dexter St., (107) corporate limits of Attleboro, (108) corporate limits of Pawtucket, (109) Central Ave., (110) Ten Mile River, (111) extension of Harmon Ave. and Harmon Ave., (112) Central Ave., (113) Newman Ave. (State Hwy. 152), (114) Roosevelt Ave. and Roosevelt Ave. extension, (115) corporate limits of Pawtucket, (116) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R., (117) Pawtucket Ave., (118) Roger Williams Ave., (119) Coyle Ave., (120) New Rd., (121) Newport Ave., (122) Bowen St., (123) extension of Ontario St., Ontario St., and extension of Ontario St., (124) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R., (125) Ferris Ave., (126) Wildwood Ave. and Wildwood Ave. extension, (127) Central Pond, (128) extension of Goff St. and Goff St., (129) Redland Ave., (130) Bishop Ave., (131) Newman Ave., (132) Pleasant St., (133) Kenton Ave., (134) Pawtucket Ave., (135) Miller Ave., (136) Reservoir Ave., (137) Hood St., (138) Sylvan Ave., (139) Upyonda Way, (140) Pleasant St.,

Pleasant St.,

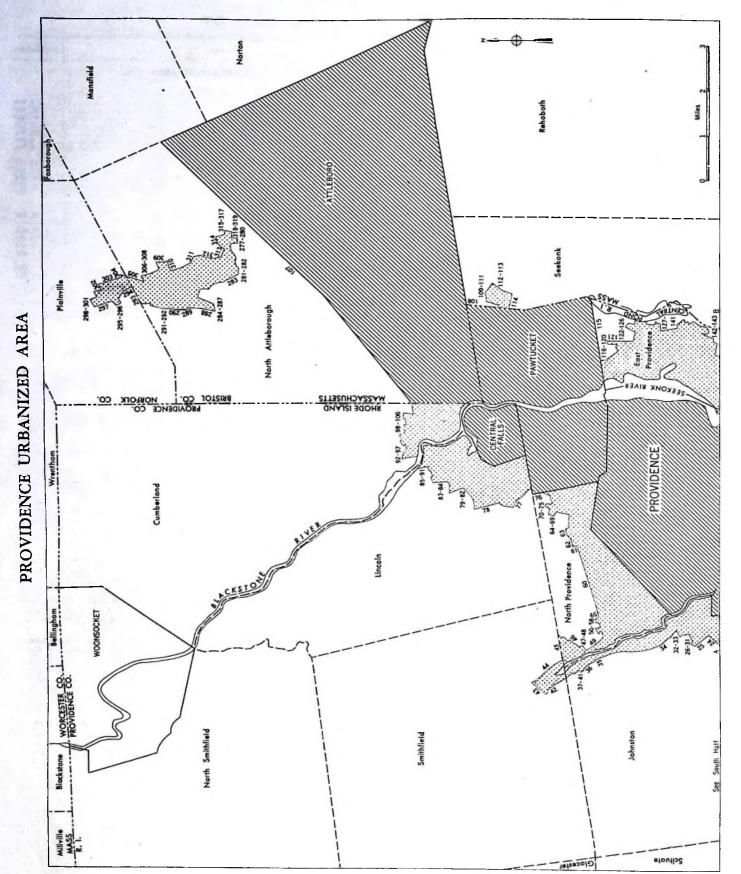
(141) Ten Mile River, (142) property line of golf course, (143)
Goldsmith Ave., (144) Taunton Ave., (145) Pawtucket Ave.,
(146) U. S. Hwy. 6 (Warren Ave.), (147) Dover Ave., (148) Kent
Ave., (149) Pawtucket Ave., (150) Greenwich Ave., (151) Clyde
Ave., (152) Wannamoisett Ave., (153) Dover Ave. (Champlin
Ave.), (154) Plymouth Ave., (155) Pawtucket Ave., (156) Wanpanoag Trail, (157) Elder Ave., (158) Revena Ave., (159) Sweetbriar Ave., (160) Ivan Ave.,
(161) Pawtucket Ave., (162) Merritt Rd., (163) extension
of unnamed street and unnamed street, (164) Brookfield Rd.,
(165) Pawtucket Ave., (166) Catalpa Ave., (167) Lakeside St.,
(168) Willett St., (169) Forbes St., (170) Leroy Rd., (171) Wingate
Rd., (172) extension of Sandra Ct., (173) Kingsford Ave., (174)
Willett Ave., (175) property line of athletic field, (176) Rhodes
Ave., (177) Willett Ave., (178) Rounds Ave., (179) Palmer Ave.
and Palmer Ave. extension, (180) Benedict St.,

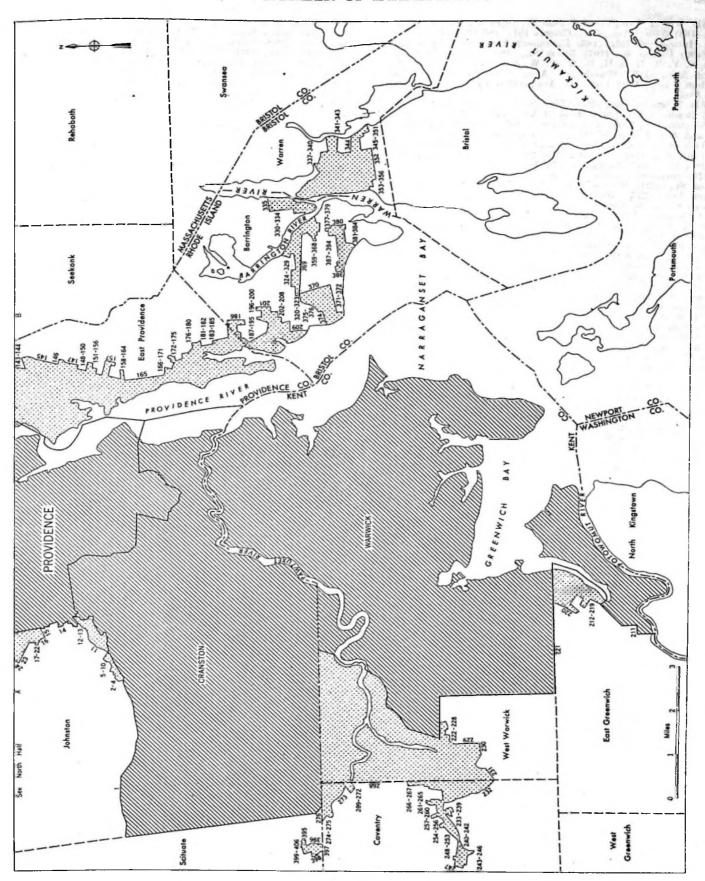
(Continued on p. 39-12)

(Continued on p. 39-12)

KEY TO SYMBOLS

	Incorporated parts
	Unincorporated parts
12	Numbered boundary segments
	State line
	County line
	Minor civil division line





(181) Willett Ave., (182) Legion St. (Eva St.), (183) Becker Ave., (184) Willett Ave., (185) County Rd., (186) Washington Rd., (187) Humphreys Rd., (188) Richmond Ave., (189) Promenade St., (190) Phillip St., (191) Brook St., (192) Metropolitan Dr., (193) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. (P. W. & B. Branch), (194) Bay Spring Ave., (195) Washington Ave., (196) Pine Ave., (197) Waldron Ave., (198) Fountain Ave., (199) Prospect St., (200)

Waldron Ave., (198) Fountain Ave., (199) Prospect St., (200) Pine Ave., (201) Townsend St., (202) Lincoln Ave., (203) Walnut Rd., (204) Bradford St., (205) Bernard Ave., (206) Myles St., (207) Washington Rd., (208) Annawamscutt Rd., (209) Alfred Drowne Rd. and Alfred Drowne Rd. extension, (210) Narragansett Bay, (211) corporate limits of Warwick, (212) Main St., (213) 6th Ave., (214) 6th St., (215) 4th Ave., (216) 2d St., (217) 1st Ave., (218) Virginia Ave., (219) James St., (220) Kenyon Ave., (221) corporate limits of Warwick, (222) Tampa St., (223) Mason St., (224) Revere Ave., (225) Concord Ave., (226) Lexington Ave., (227) Well St., (228) New London Ave., (229) Church St., (230) Cowesett Ave. and Cowesett Ave. extension, (231) Compton Pond, (232) South Branch of Pawtuxet River (233) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. (Willimantic Branch), (234) extension of Tafft St. and Tafft St., (235) unnamed street, (236) Station St., (237) Matteson St., (238) Tiouge St., (239) Station St., (241) Flat River Rd., (242) Cutoff Rd. (Mooseneck Hill Rd.),

Station St., (237) Matteson St., (238) Trouge St., (239) Station St..
(240) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R.,
(241) Flat River Rd., (242) Cutoff Rd. (Mooseneck Hill Rd.),
(243) Pawtuxet River, (244) extension of Parker St. and Parker St., (245) South Main St., (246) Flat River Rd., (247) Mill Yard St. and Mill Yard St. extension, (248) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R..
(249) Station St., (250) Park St., (251) Holden St., (252) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R., (253) Flat River Rd., (254) Capewell St.,
(255) Flat River Rd., (256) Anthony St., (257) Meeting St.,
(258) Boston St., (259) Flat River Rd., (260) Fairview Ave.,
(261) Hazard St., (262) Frances St., (263) Edward St., (264) Flat River Rd. (Washington St.), (265) Bates Ave., (266) Read Ave., (267) Shippee Ave., (268) Coventry-West Warwick town line, (269) Ames St., (270) Hill Rd., (271) Mumford St., (272) Lincoln St., (273) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. (Hope Branch), (274) Hill St., (275) Parkwright Rd., (276) Kent-Providence county line. Outlying urbanized parts: (277) Cottage St., (278) Robinson St., (279) Cushman St., (280) Towne St., (281) Mount Hope St., (282) Reservoir St., (283) Falls Pond, (284) East Washington St., (285) extension of N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. Spur and N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. Spur and N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. Spur, (288) Broadway St., (289) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. Spur, (290) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. Spur, (290) N. Y. N. H. & R. R. Spur, (290) N. Y. N. H. & R. R. Spur, (290) N. Y. N. H. & R. R. Spur, (290) N. Y. N. H. & R. R. Spur, (290) N. Y. N. H. & R. R. Spur, (291) West St., (292) Fletcher St.,

(293) North Attleboro-Plainville town line, (294) Park St. (South

(293) North Attleboro-Plainville town line, (294) Park St. (South St.), (295) Bacon Square, (296) Bacon St., (297) South St., (298) Maple St., (299) Spring St., (300) Broad St., (301) Pleasant St., (302) School St., (303) Grove St., (304) Bugbee St., (305) Washington St. (North Washington St.), (300) Elmwood St., (307) Reed St., (308) Hawthorne St., (309) Mount Hope St., (310) Columbia St., (311) Smith St., (312) Mount Hope St., (313) Commonwealth Ave., (314) Towne St., (315) Stanley St., (316) Ivy St., (317) Maple St., (318) Commonwealth Ave., (314) Towne St., (315) Stanley St., (316) Ivy St., (317) Maple St., (318) Commonwealth Ave., (321) Middle Hwy., (322) Maple Ave., (323) Barrington Ave., (324) Whipple Ave., (325) South St., (326) Maple Ave., (327) Cottage St., (328) Cady Rd., (329) Hilltop Ave. and Hilltop Ave. extension, (330) Barrington River, (331) County Rd., (332) New Meadow Rd., (333) Crossways, (334) Sowams Rd., (335) Stanley Ave., (336) Warren River, (337) Market St., (338) Kickenuit Rd., (339) Cornell Ave. and Cornell Ave. extension, (340) Child St., (341) Kickamuit River, (342) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R., (343) Metacom Ave., (344) Parker Ave., (345) Harding Ave., (349) Fair View Ave., (350) Homestead Ave., (351) Metacom Ave., (352) Seymour St., (353) South Main St., (354) Locust Ter., (355) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. (Bristol Branch), (356) Maple St., (357) Warren River, (359) Strension of Chapin Rd. and Chapin Rd., (360) Doan's Rd. (Norma Ave.), (361) Thomas St., (362) Rumstick Rd., (363) Woodland Rd., (364) Half Mile Rd., (365) Bayberry Lane, (366) Half Mile Rd., (367) Woodland Rd., (368) Rumstick Rd., (369) N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. (P. W. & B. Branch), (370) Middle Hwy., (371) Nayatt Rd., (379) Ferry Lane, (380) Cold Spring Rd., (381) Quincy Adams Rd., (379) Ferry Lane, (380) Cold Spring Rd., (381) Quincy Adams Rd., (379) Ferry Lane, (380) Cold Spring Rd., (381) Quincy Adams Rd., (379) Ferry Lane, (380) Cold Spring Rd., (381) Quincy Adams Rd., (389) South Meadow Lane, (383) Chachapacasset Rd., (384) B

(402) High St. (Ralph Lane), (403) Harrington St., (404) Richard St., (405) Hope Rd., (406) Jackson Flat Rd.

